To determine which section would have a greater standard deviation in exam scores, we need to consider the spread of the data in each section. The standard deviation is a measure of the amount of variation or dispersion in a set of values.

From the box plot:

- \*\*Section A\*\* has a wider interquartile range (IQR) and a broader range of scores, extending from approximately 10 to 150.

- \*\*Section B\*\* has a narrower IQR and a more compact range of scores, extending from approximately 30 to 110.

A wider range and a larger IQR typically indicate greater variability in the data, which translates to a higher standard deviation.

Therefore, based on the box plot, \*\*Section A\*\* would be expected to have a greater standard deviation in exam scores.

The correct answer is:

(A) Section A